## **CURRICULUM**

Course Title: Yearbook Course Number: 0178 Grade Level(s): (10), 11, 12 Periods Per Week: 5 Length of Period: 42 minutes Length of Course: One year Credits: 1 Faculty Author(s): Cheryl Nicely and Jarrod McCowin Revised for Common Core by Joy Winters Date: March 2008, Revised February 2012, Revised May 2014

COURSE DESCRIPTION: This year-long course focuses on production of the school yearbook. Students will learn page design, photography, and caption writing as they cover all of the groups, events, and activities featured in the yearbook. The yearbook staff typically includes a few sophomores but is primarily comprised of juniors and seniors. Student must have at least a B average in English. Interested students must apply directly to the advisor.

The following outline provides a general overview of the course content, not a chronological timetable. The weeks denoted for each area provide an idea for the overall time spent working with a given topic throughout the school year.

COURSE OUTLINE	<b>OBJECTIVES</b> (Common Core standards)	PROPOSED TIME / ACTUAL TIME	RESOURCES	LESSON REFLECTION (for future revisions)
Non-fiction/Informational Texts Craft and Structure RIT.11-12.4, L.11-12.5, Range of Complexity RIT.11-12.10	RIT.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	20 days		
Literary terms:				

Character	L.11-12.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.		
Setting	RIT.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with		
Plot	scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.		
Theme RIT.11-12.2, RIT.11-12.9	Theme: RIT.11-12.2 Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.		
	RIT.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S.documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.		
Tone SL.11-12.3, RIT.11-12.5	SL.11-12.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.		
	RL.11-12.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.		
Symbolism	Symbolism: Interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and evaluate the use of symbolism in fiction or literary nonfiction. Interpret, compare, describe, analyze, and evaluate the relationship between symbolism and other components of the text.		
	1.3.11.B-Analyze the relationships, uses and effectiveness of literary elements used by one or more authors in similar genres including characterization, setting, plot, theme, point of view, tone, and style.		
<i>Vocabulary</i> Homographs L.11-12.4	L.11-12.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	10 days	
Prefix/affix/root words L.11-12.4	<ul> <li>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).</li> </ul>		
Context clues L.11-12-4	c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation		

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	of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage. d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).		
Content Specific Words L.11-12.6	L.11-12.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain- specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		
Linguistics L.11-12-4	<ul> <li>L.11-12.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</li> <li>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.</li> <li>d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>		
Speaking and Listening Note taking SL.11-12.1	<ul> <li>SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</li> <li>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>b. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</li> <li>c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.</li> <li>d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information</li> </ul>	20 days	

	ar response is required to deepen the investigation or correlate the test		T1
	or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.		
Paraphrase SL.11-12.4, SL.11-12.6	SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.		
	SL.11-12.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 54 for specific expectations.)		
Large/small group discussions and presentations SL.11-12.1, SL.11-12.4, SL.11-12.6	<ul> <li>SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</li> <li>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>b. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</li> <li>c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.</li> <li>d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</li> <li>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</li> <li>SL.11-12.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 54 for specific expectations.)</li> </ul>		
Writing		70 days	
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	W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of	
Writing W.11-12.1, W.11-12.2, W. 11-	substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and	
12.3, W.11-12.4, W.11-12.5, W.11-	sufficient evidence.	
12.6, W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8	a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance	
	of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims,	
	and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s),	
	counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying	
	the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and	
	limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge	
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	level, concerns, values, and possible biases.	
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the	
	major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships	
	between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and	
	between claim(s) and counterclaims.	
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while	
	attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they	
	are writing.	
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and	
	supports the argument presented.	
	W.11-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey	
	complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through	
	the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.	
	a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information	
	so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a	
	unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures,	
	tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
	b. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and	
	relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other	
	information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of	
	the topic.	
	c. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major	
	sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among	
	complex ideas and concepts.	
	d. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques	
	such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the	
	topic.	
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while	
	attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they	
	are writing.	
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and	
	supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating	
	implications or the significance of the topic).	
	W.11-12.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or	
	events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured	
	event sequences.	
	a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or	
	observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s)	
	of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth	
	progression of experiences or events.	
	b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description,	
	reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or	
	characters.	
	c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on	

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	one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or		
	resolution).		
	d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language		
	to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or		
	characters. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is		
	experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative		
	W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,		
Organization W.11-12.4	organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
	(Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-		
	3 above.)		
	W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,		
Sequence W.11-12.4	organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–		
Sequence W.11-12.4	3 above.)		
	W.11-12.5 W.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the		
Focus W.11-12.5	development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose,		
	and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined		
	in standards 1–3 above.)		
Mechanics/conventions L.11-12.1,	L.11-12.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.		
L.11-12.2	a. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can		
	change over time, and is sometimes contested.		
	b. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g., Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage, Garner's Modern		
	American Usage as needed).		
	L.11-12.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		
	a. Observe hyphenation conventions.		
	b. Spell correctly		
	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital		
Content W.11-12.8	sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience;		
	integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of		
	ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and		
	following a standard format for citation.		
	W. 11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of		
Writing within realm of genre	substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and		
W.11-12.1, W.11-12.2, W. 11-12.3	sufficient evidence.		

a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or	
opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear	
relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	
b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each	
while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that	
anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.	
c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text,	
create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and	
reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and	
counterclaims.	
d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while	
attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they	
are writing.	
e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and	
supports the argument presented.	
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W. 10-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey	
complex ideas,	
concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective	
selection, organization, and analysis of content.	
a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information	
to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g.,	
headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to	
aiding comprehension.	
b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts,	
extended	
definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and	
examples	
appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	
c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the	
text,	
create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and	
concepts.	
d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the	
complexity of the topic.	
e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while	
attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they	
are writing.	
f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and	
supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating	
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W. 9-10.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or	
events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured	
event sequences.	
a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or	
observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing	
a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of	
experiences or events.	
b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description,	
reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or	
characters.	
c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on	
one another to create a coherent whole.	

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	<ul> <li>d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.</li> <li>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.</li> </ul>		
Revisions and editing W.11-12.5	W.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.		
Reading Skills		15 days	
Reading Apprenticeship Strategies			
Comprehension RL.11-12.1			
	RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.		
Main ideas RL.11-12.2	RL. 11-12.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.		
Author purpose RL.11-12.4, RL.11-12.5	RL. 11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).		
	RL. 11-12.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise		
Point of view SL.11-12.3	SL. 11-12.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.		
Summarize, evaluate analyze, synthesize, infer SL.11-12.1, RL.11-12.1	SL. 11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.		

	<ul> <li>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.</li> <li>c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.</li> <li>d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.</li> </ul>		
	RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.		
Compare/contrast texts RL.11-12.7, RL.11-12.9	<ul> <li>RL.11-12.7 Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text.</li> <li>RL .11-12.9 Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar</li> </ul>		
Media, Graphics and Propaganda SL.11-12.2, SL.11-12.3, SL.11-12.5	themes or topics. SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.		
	<ul> <li>SL.11-12.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.</li> <li>SL.11-12.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.</li> </ul>		
Locating information/media SL.11- 12.2, SL.11-12.4	SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.		
	SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are		

	addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.		
<i>Media</i> Propaganda SL.11-12.2, SL.11-12.3	SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse		
F10payanua 3L.11-12.2, 3L.11-12.3	formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	25 days	
	SL.11-12.3 Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.		
Graphics SL.11-12.5, SL.11-12.2	SL.11-12.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.		
	SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.		
Locating information/media SL.11- 12.4	SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.		

COURSE OUTLINE	<b>OBJECTIVES</b> (PA standard)	PROPOSED TIME / ACTUAL TIME	RESOURCES	LESSON REFLECTION
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